

Attendance Policy

Westlea Primary School



Our whole school aim:

“At Westlea Primary School we learn together to achieve success for all, based on high expectations and equality of access for all. We nurture the growth of the whole child – academically, artistically, socially, emotionally, morally and physically – celebrating all achievements in a safe, caring, inclusive and creative environment. The whole team works together to bring learning ‘alive’ and extend pupil experiences

so that they are well prepared for the next steps in their education.”

Attendance Policy

840/2043

Westlea Primary School

Document History Log:

Author of document:	Angela Simmons	Job role:	School Business Manager
Date document created:	September 2024	Approval by Governing Body:	September 2024

Annual Review History:

Task	Date Reviewed	Reviewed by	Signatories
First document review	September 2025	Angela Simmons	A Simmons
2 nd Review	September 2026	AS	A Simmons
3 rd Review			
4 th Review			

Revisions Log:

Revision	Date of revision	Reason for revision	Resulting version number	Signatories
Change of chair	29/11/24	Election	1.1	A Simmons

Attendance Key Contacts

Please find the details of those with overall responsibility for attendance, attendance support and attendance improvement within our school below.

Name	Role	Contact details
Deborah Scothern	Head Teacher	01915813658 westlea@durhamlearning.net
Angela Simmons	Senior Attendance Champion	
Emma Davey Paula Appleton	Other senior leaders with responsibility for attendance	
Susan Morrison	Governor with responsibility for attendance	

If a pupil is going to be absent from school the person who should be informed is: Main School Office, 01915813658 or westlea@durhamlearning.net

If a pupil, parent or family is having difficulty with attending school and requires advice, help or support then they can contact:

Name	Role / type of help	Contact details
Deborah Scothern	Head Teacher	01915813658 westlea@durhamlearning.net
Angela Simmons	Senior Attendance Champion	
Emma Davey	Deputy head and mental health lead	
Paula Appleton	Key Stage Two lead	
Gillian Ward	EYFS lead	

Help & Support

Where help or support is needed with attendance the sooner school know about this, the quicker people can work together to support with this. Where needed this can involve other services to make sure that pupils and their families get the right support, at the right time from the right people.

Children Missing from Education

If pupils whereabouts are not known following enquiries schools can legally remove pupils from the admission register (the school roll) after 20 school days of unauthorised absence. It is **vital that parents keep school informed of any change of details** and regularly update them if details change. Pupils place in schools are at risk if whereabouts are not known. Children Missing from Education must be reported to the Local Authority and the matter may be treat as a safeguarding issue.

Introduction to our school attendance vision and ethos

Westlea Primary School seeks to ensure that all of its pupils receive an education which maximises opportunities for each pupil to realise his/her true potential. The school will strive to provide a calm, orderly, safe, and supportive environment where all pupils want to be and are keen and ready to learn within a culture that promotes the benefits of high attendance.

Regular school attendance plays a vital role in children's wellbeing and their education, ensuring that their current learning needs are being met but also building their future ability to learn.

As attendance is the essential foundation to positive outcomes for all pupils', improving attendance is everyone's business, a concerted effort across all teaching and nonteaching staff in school, the trust or governing body, the local authority, and other local partners.

Some pupils find it harder than others to attend school and therefore at all stages of improving attendance, the school and partners will work with pupils and parents to remove any barriers to attendance by building strong and trusting relationships and working together to put the right support in place.

Specific roles and responsibilities have been published in the [Working Together to improve school attendance statutory](#) guidance.

We recognise the link between regular attendance and the well-being, development and achievement of our students / pupils. We expect everyone to attend every session they are able to, to benefit from the learning and pastoral opportunities and support we offer.

Communication is vital to ensure we are able to work with our parents and pupils and support attendance.

We ask that parents check the contact details, address and emergency contact information held by the school are up-to-date are communicated to school as soon as possible as it is extremely important school can contact parents in an emergency, keep parents informed of events and progress or discuss any concerns at the earliest opportunity.

The school day

The school day is from 8:30am to 3:15pm

Registration is 8.45am. In line with government guidance the registers will close at 9am.

Pupils must be in school to be marked present, otherwise another appropriate code will be used (Attendance codes appended).

Pupils arriving late for registration, but before the register has closed will be recorded as late (L code).

Pupils who are not present before the register closes but attend during the session will be recorded as a U code unless the reason means another code is more appropriate. The U code is an unauthorised absence.

Arriving late to school can be disruptive and unsettling to the child and the rest of their class. Parents should contact the school office if there are any issues which are affecting a pupils ability to attend school on time.

If your child is late for school:

All children arriving late at school will be asked the reason for their lateness and this will be recorded in the late book.

If a child is late (after registers close) for school on a number of occasions

The school office will make contact with parents/carers to raise concerns, a meeting with one of the attendance champions may be arranged. This will be assessed on a case by case basis.

If the school continues to have concerns about a child's punctuality

Options include – breakfast club offers, meet and greets for support or possible referral to the local authority for action if unauthorised.

Term dates and planned Inset days

Will be published on the school dojo app, school website, published in our newsletters and can be requested at the school office.

Leave of Absence in Term Time

Head teachers are expected to restrict leave of absence in term-time to the specific circumstances in [regulation 11 of the School Attendance \(Pupil Registration\) \(England\) Regulations 2024](#). There is discretion to consider exceptional circumstances based on the individual facts, circumstances and background behind the request. Permission must be requested in advance by a parent the pupil normally lives with completing a leave of absence form. This can be requested from the school office.

Where a leave of absence is granted, the head teacher will determine the number of days a pupil can be away from school.

A leave of absence is granted entirely at the head teacher's discretion. If an application is not made for leave then the absence will be recorded as unauthorised regardless of circumstances.

The DfE have stated that generally they do not consider the need or desire for a holiday or other absence for leisure or recreation to be an exceptional circumstance.

On the first day of absence

If a pupil is to be absent for any reason, parents or carers are asked to contact the School (via telephone or email) providing a reason for the absence. If a pupil is absent from school and there is no contact from parents/carers then school will contact home to find out why the pupil not in school. This will initially be by telephone but home visits may be required if we cannot make contact.

Appointments should be made outside of school time where possible. If this is not possible, your child should miss the minimum amount of school time necessary. If they are well enough to come back to school following the appointment they should do.

Periods of extended absence

Parents/carers are expected to contact school with updates where absences last more than three days.

No reason for absence provided

School will telephone home to request a reason for absence if there is no contact from home and may send a follow up letter or email if we cannot make contact. This may be escalated if there are welfare/safeguarding concerns (contacting other emergency contacts, undertaking home visits etc)

If the school do not receive a reason for any absence it will be recorded as unauthorised. Regular absence and unauthorised absences could result in more formal action.

Where 10 or more unauthorised absences are recorded in any 10 school week period the school must consider whether a penalty notice may be appropriate and if so will refer the matter to the local authority.

Absence authorisation

The High Court has confirmed that the school's Head Teacher authorises absences. In some circumstances, the school may request that parent's provide medical evidence to support absences.

We want to support all our pupils to ensure they can access their education and will take a support first approach. This will sometimes require communications and conversations to better understand the circumstances which may lead to absence.

Promoting good attendance and punctuality

Westlea Primary School is promoting and incentivising good attendance.

- Submit a daily attendance return to the Department of Education, in line with the legal expectations placed on all schools;
- Build strong relationships and work jointly with families;
- Give parents/carers details on attendance in our newsletters, website, letters home.
- Promote the benefits of high attendance to pupils by celebrating success, sharing assemblies and lesson in class
- Accurately complete admission and attendance registers and have effective day to day processes in place to follow-up absences
- Celebrate excellent attendance by displaying and reporting individual and class achievements;
- Reward good or improving attendance;

Attendance data

Westlea Primary School uses data to target attendance improvement efforts to the pupils or pupil cohorts who need it most.

The school will rigorously use attendance data to identify patterns of poor attendance (at individual and cohort level) as soon as possible so all parties can work together to resolve them before they become entrenched.

We will use data we have such as whole school, year group, form/class and individual pupil level to analyse for patterns of absence which may require some support to improve.

We will also consider different pupil cohorts such as all pupils, those who have free school meals, those with special educational needs or disabilities, pupil premium, children who have a social worker or are looked after etc to identify where additional support may be required.

We will use the information to inform what we do to support and aid discussions between staff, pupils and families.

We will monitor the data to understand the impact of what we do.

We will communicate information to parents, staff and other professionals such as early help, TAF, TAS etc as required.

Absence concerns

Parents may identify concerns about school attendance early if there is a change in child's attitude to school or in their willingness to attend. If this is the case, concerns should be shared with school so people can work together to ensure that school attendance does not decline. The earlier concerns are identified and shared, the quicker they may be resolved.

Persistent absence

Pupils who miss 10% or more of their sessions at school are persistently absent

School will try to prevent and reduce persistent absence by working together with families to offer support and guidance on a case by case basis.

Wider support services may be provided (may be external to school) to identify and support with barriers to attendance

Severe absence

Pupils who miss 50% or more of their sessions at school are severely absent

The school will work with pupils, parents and partner services and agencies to provide additional support through a more formal, planned approach in conjunction with the local authority to prevent severe absence (persistently absent pupils 70% or below) – this may include an Attendance Support Meeting involving the School Attendance Champion.

National framework for penalty notices and other legal intervention

To improve consistency of practice across the country there is a national framework for penalty notices.

At the point where there are 10 unauthorised absence sessions recorded in any 10 school-week period, schools must consider if:

- further support is appropriate.
- support is appropriate but is not being engaged with.
- support is appropriate but is not improving attendance.
- support is not needed, such as in cases of term-time leave of absence.

If support is appropriate, this should continue.

If support is appropriate but is not improving attendance or is not being engaged with, then a referral for consideration of legal intervention should be made to the local authority. This can include, but is not limited to a Notice to Improve, an application for an Education Supervision Order, Penalty Notice or Offence investigation Interview (PACE caution).

If support is not appropriate, such as where a holiday in term-time has taken place, a referral for a penalty notice will be made. ([DCC - Penalty Notice Code of Conduct](#))

Penalty notices offer the opportunity to deal with an irregular attendance offence without the need to go to court. Penalty notices are issued at a rate of £160, reduced to £80 if paid within 21 days.

There is an escalation policy which means that if a second notice is issued within a three-year period, the second notice will only be payable at the rate of £160. Further offences will not be eligible for the offer of a penalty notice and parents may be prosecuted in court. ([DCC - Penalty Notice Leaflet](#))

If penalty notices are not paid then a prosecution for the original irregular attendance offence will take place.

If convicted at court under section 444 of the Education Act for failing to secure the regular attendance of a registered pupil at school, a parent may be fined up to £1000 for each offence. If there is evidence that a parent knowingly failed to secure the attendance and there is no reasonable justification for this, they can be fined up to £2500 and/or face up to 3 months in prison, be subject to probation supervision or have a curfew imposed as maximum sentences.

Pupils with specific needs

The schools approach will account for the specific needs of individual pupils and pupil cohorts, This Policy must be applied fairly and consistently and consider the individual needs of pupils/ families who have specific barriers to attendance.

In development and implementation of the policy, the school have considered their obligations under the Equality Act 2010 and the UN Convention on the Rights of the Child.

Medical conditions and Special Education Needs and Disabilities - SEND)

Every pupil has a right to a full-time education and high attendance is expected for all pupils.

However, we are aware that some pupils face greater barriers to attendance than their peers. This can include pupils who suffer from long-term medical conditions or special education needs and/ or disabilities.

All pupils have the same right to an education and the school has the same attendance ambition for all pupils. However, when working with families to improve attendance, school will be mindful of the barriers pupils face and put additional support in place.

This can include: -

Reasonable adjustments –

Individual health care plans, where needed, if a pupil has a long-term medical condition.

Considering additional support from external partners (local authority or health services)

- Working with parents to develop specific support plans.
- Where appropriate, Education Health and Care Plans.

Pupils with medical conditions will be contacted annually to check that the information the school has is accurate and that, where appropriate, individual health plans are in place. In support of this, parents are asked to provide school with copies of medical documentations and letters relating to the medical condition.

APPENDIX A

The school and all partners will work together to:

EXPECT

Aspire to high standards of attendance from all pupils and parents and build a culture where all can, and want to, be in school and ready to learn by prioritising attendance improvement across the school.



MONITOR

Rigorously use attendance data to identify patterns of poor attendance (at individual and cohort level) as soon as possible so all parties can work together to resolve them before they become entrenched.



LISTEN AND UNDERSTAND

When a pattern is spotted, discuss with pupils and parents to listen to understand barriers to attendance and agree how all partners can work together to resolve them.



FACILITATE SUPPORT

Remove barriers in school and help pupils and parents to access the support they need to overcome the barriers outside of school. This might include an early help or whole family plan where absence is a symptom of wider issues.



FORMALISE SUPPORT

Where absence persists and voluntary support is not working or not being engaged with, partners should work together to explain the consequences clearly and ensure support is also in place to enable families to respond. Depending on the circumstances this may include formalising support through a parenting contract or education supervision order.



ENFORCE

Where all other avenues have been exhausted and support is not working or not being engaged with, enforce attendance through statutory intervention or prosecution to protect the pupil's right to an education.

Expect

Statement of expectation –

We all want the best for pupils and therefore aspire to have the highest attendance possible for each individual to allow them to access the education on offer to them in a culture they feel safe, part of the community and where they want to be.

Monitor

Data will be used to monitor, identify and support attendance to enable school to address concerns at the earliest opportunity using a support first approach.

Listening to and understanding barriers to attendance

The school uses its data system, SIMS, to analyse absence across the school. As a result of this, some families will receive letters to inform them if their child's absence is lower than expected. This is to ensure parents are fully aware of any concerns with their child's attendance and to offer support to improve in future. Initial letters will be used to notify parents of a concern; if issues persist then further correspondence will be sent and meetings arranged to discuss reasons for poor attendance and to establish targets and support for improving attendance in the future. School will always look to support children and families in the first instance.

Facilitate support

If, following the school's attempts to intervene, there is no significant improvement and no satisfactory reasons for absences (i.e. absences are not supported by relevant evidence), or a parent has not co-operated with the school's attempts to improve the attendance, the school are required to consider referring the matter to the Local Authority for additional action and support. In cases where children and families are cooperating with school, but attendance has not improved, and barriers are an issue to improvement, school will look to make onward Early Help referrals, with parental consent.

Formalise support

Where absence persists and voluntary support is not working or not being engaged with, we will work together to explain the consequences clearly and ensure support is also in place to enable families to respond. Depending on the circumstances this may include formalising support through an attendance contract. School may determine that poor attendance constitutes neglect and referral to social care may be made.

Enforce

Where all other avenues have been exhausted and support is not working or not being engaged with, attendance may be enforced where necessary through statutory intervention or prosecution to protect the pupil's right to an education.